Combustion Reactions Chem Worksheet 10-5

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A **combustion** reaction is one in which a fuel combines with oxygen. The most common fuels are **hydrocarbons**, compounds made of hydrogen and carbon. Another common category of fuels are **alcohols**, molecular compounds that contain the –OH group. When hydrocarbons or alcohols undergo combustion they both form the products carbon dioxide, CO_2 and water, H_2O . The general form of these reactions is:

$$C_xH_y + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$$

When other fuels burn in oxygen these reactions are also classified as combustion. For example, magnesium metal burns in oxygen to form magnesium oxide. Notice that this reaction could also be classified as a **synthesis** reaction.

 $2Mg + O_2 \rightarrow 2MgO$

Write the chemical equations for reach equation described below. Include <u>physical states</u>. Balance the equations.

- 1. $CH_4(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow ___+ ___$
- **2.** $C_2H_6(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow ___+ ___$
- **3.** CH₃OH (*l*) + O₂ (g) \rightarrow _____ + ____
- 4. Combustion of liquid propane (C_3H_8)
- 5. Combustion of liquid octane (C_8H_{18})
- **6.** Combustion of liquid pentanol ($C_5H_{11}OH$)
- 7. Combustion of carbon.
- **8.** Combustion of iron.
- **9.** Combustion of sulfur.
- **10.** Combustion of solid sucrose $(C_{12}H_{22}O_{11})$.